Protecting Farm Workers in the United States and Mexico

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How Polaris Works

**IDENTIFY & RESPOND**
We leverage hotlines to immediately support and help survivors, ensure a 24/7 response, and gather primary data that is critical to understanding the crime.

**LEARN & ANALYZE**
We use data to define all the types of human trafficking in a given country, learn how the criminal networks operate, and identify opportunities for intervention.

**EQUIP & ERADICATE**
We eradicate human trafficking by disrupting criminal networks, addressing root causes, and equipping others with knowledge and strategic tools.
25 Types

- Escort Services
- Illicit Massage, Health, & Beauty
- Outdoor Solicitation
- Residential
- Domestic Work
- Bars, Strip Clubs, & Cantinas
- Pornography
- Traveling Sales Crews
- Restaurants & Food Service
- Peddling & Begging
- Agriculture & Animal Husbandry
- Personal Sexual Servitude
- Health & Beauty Services
- Construction
- Hotels & Hospitality
- Landscaping
- Illicit Activities
- Arts & Entertainment
- Commercial Cleaning Services
- Factories & Manufacturing
- Remote Interactive Sexual Acts
- Carnivals
- Forestry & Logging
- Health Care
- Recreational Facilities

Polaris
HOW DO WE KNOW WHAT TYPES OF SLAVERY TO TARGET?

To find out, we build a data-driven, robust typology of all the trafficking types in a given country. Key questions we ask:

• How do the criminal networks operate?
• Who is being targeted and how are they recruited?
• How are the victims transported and what visas are exploited for foreign nationals?
• How are the victims controlled?
• What access points might victims have to seek help?
• What are the financial flows and how is the money managed?
• Where are the traffickers vulnerable to an intervention?
• What legitimate government systems and businesses do traffickers interface with?
North American Regional Build

2017 Objectives:

• Create strong national human trafficking hotlines with partners in Mexico and Canada
• Expand bi- and tri-lateral regional collaboration for a more coordinated North American response to trafficking
• Establish processes to share data, trends, and information across borders to drive network identification and disruption
• Public awareness efforts to drive change on strategic regional issues
Polaris’s Dataset

10 Years
35,000+ Cases of Human Trafficking Reported
1. Gaps in knowledge, data and understanding
2. Exploitative recruitment practices and supply chains that lack transparency
3. Limitations on enforcement by labor authorities
4. Lack of Access to Justice
5. Trade Unions
6. Structural causes and vulnerability factors
7. International Migration Regimes
Two-Way Communications Pilot on Forced Labor in the Produce Sector in Mexico
• Just a few questions left - If you received any money when you were hired, how much was it? [If you did not receive any money, respond with "0"]
• How long were you hired for your current job? [1- A day, 2 - A week, 3 - For the harvest, 4- Other]
• Did you receive a written contract before beginning your job? [1- Yes, 2- No, 3- I don't know]
• Where are you currently living? [1- On the farm, 2- In a shelter for farmworkers, 3- In a rental property, 4 - Other]
**Labor Trafficking Recruitment**

*Victims* of Labor Trafficking experience abuse and exploitation along a continuum of:
- recruitment and entrapment,
- transportation and movement,
- the labor trafficking victimization itself

• Vulnerabilities to trafficking are increased during the recruitment period by:
  - Recruiters, Recruitment Agencies, and other agents involved in the Labor Recruitment Supply Chain

• This is particularly true of internationally recruited workers in the **H-2A** and **H-2B** guest worker program
**H-2A and H-2B by the Numbers**

- **134,368**: H-2A visas issued to workers in 2016*

- **200,049**: H-2A visas certified through FY 2017**

- **Approximately half** of H-2A jobs in 2016 were certified in 5 states: FL, NC, GA, WA, and CA

- **66,000**: Cap for H-2B visas per fiscal year*